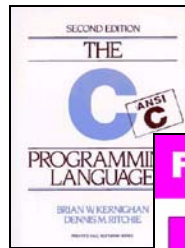
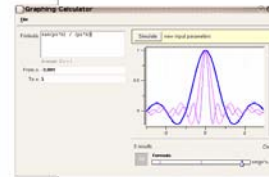


Rappture with C and Fortran



```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<run>
  <tool>
    <title>Graphing Calculator</title>
    <about>Press Simulate to view results.</about>
    <command>python $tool/graph.py $driver</command>
  </tool>
  <input>
    <string id="formula">
      <about>
        <label>Formula</label>
        <hint>Example: 2*x + 1</hint>
      </about>
      <size>20x5</size>
    </string>
    <number id="min">
      <about> <label>From x</label> </about>
      <default>0</default>
    </number>
    <number id="max">
      <about> <label>To x</label> </about>
      <default>1</default>
    </number>
  </input>
  <output>
    <curve id="result">
      <about> <label>Formula: Y vs X</label> </about>
    </curve>
  </output>
</run>
```



Michael McLennan

*HUBzero® Platform for Scientific Collaboration
Purdue University*

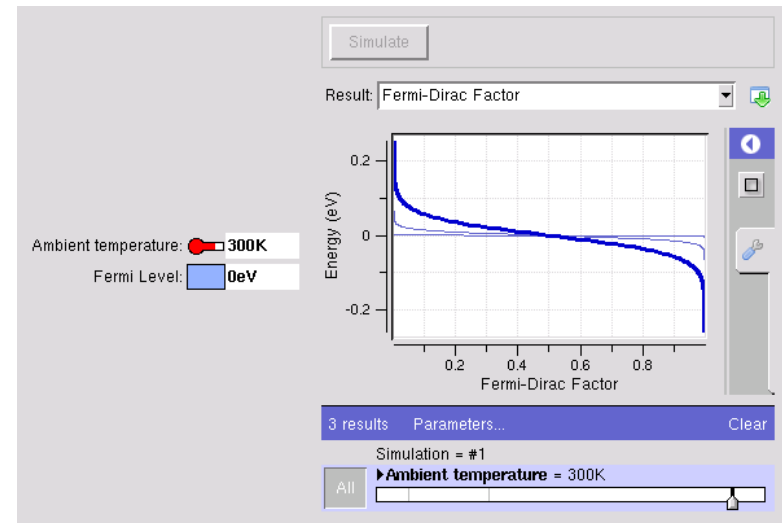
The usual way...

```
% gcc fermi.c -o fermi -lm
% ./fermi
Enter the Fermi level (eV):
  Ef = 2.4
Enter the temperature (K):
  T = 77
```

```
% more out.dat
FERMI-DIRAC FUNCTION F1/2
```

<i>f1/2</i>	<i>Energy (eV)</i>
0.999955	2.33365
0.99995	2.33431
0.999944	2.33498

The Rappture way...



<https://nanohub.org/infrastructure/rappture>
 source code: rappture/examples/app-fermi

fermi.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    double T, Ef, E, dE, kT, Emin, Emax, f;
```

```
printf("Enter Fermi energy in eV: \n");
scanf("%lg", &Ef);
```

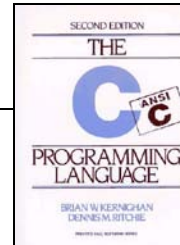
```
printf("Enter the Temperature in K: \n");
scanf("%lg", &T);
```

```
kT = 8.61734e-5 * T;
Emin = Ef - 10*kT;
Emax = Ef + 10*kT;
E = Emin;
dE = 0.005*(Emax-Emin);
while (E < Emax) {
    f = 1.0/(1.0 + exp((E - Ef)/kT));
```

```
printf("%f %f\n", f, E);
E = E + dE;
```

```
}
return 0;
```

```
}
```



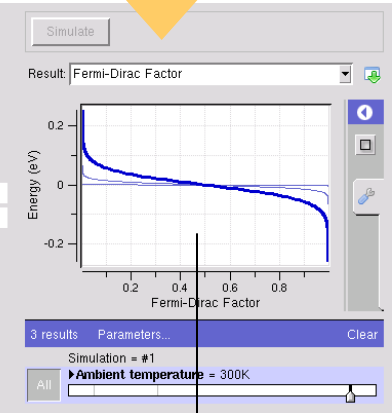
physics

Inputs/outputs are identical to the MATLAB version

number

number

Ambient temperature: 300K
Fermi Level: 0eV



curve

Rappture Builder [Build] [Preview]

New... Open... Save As...

Object Types:

All

Boolean: yes

Label: Choice2

- Choice1
- Choice2
- Choice3

Curve

Group

Documentation

Grouping

Inputs

Outputs

Tool Interface:

Tool:

- + Input:
 - Number: temperature
 - Number: Ef
- + Output:
 - Curve: f12

Object: tool Help

Title: Fermi-Dirac Calculator

Press Simulate to view results.

Description:

Program: C Language

Change this ←

Rappture Builder

Build | Preview

New... Open... **Save As...**

Object Types:

All

Boolean: yes

Label: Choice2

- Choice1
- Choice2**
- Choice3

Curve

Voltage v(t) (V)

Time (t)

Group

Documentation

Grouping

Inputs

Outputs

Tool Interface:

Tool:

+ Input:

Number: temperature

Rappture: Save As...

What do you want to save?

- Tool definition file**
File: tool.xml Choose...
- Skeleton program (C Language)**
File: main.c Choose...
- Makefile for building this program**

Save Cancel

Save these

Generated program: main.c

...

```

/* get input value for input.number(temperature) and convert to K */
rpGetString(io, "input.number(temperature).current", &data);
temperature = rpConvertDbl(data, "K", &err);

/* get input value for input.number(Ef) and convert to eV */
rpGetString(io, "input.number(Ef).current", &data);
Ef = rpConvertDbl(data, "eV", &err);

/*
*****
* Add your code here
*****
*/
kT = 8.61734e-5 * T;
Emi n = Ef - 10*kT;
Emax = Ef + 10*kT;
E = Emi n;
dE = 0.005*(Emax-Emi n);
while (E < Emax) {
    f = 1.0/(1.0 + exp((E - Ef)/kT));
    E = E + dE;
}

/* save output value
/* this shows just
sprintf(line, "%g %g\n", x, y);
rpPutString(io, "output.curve(f12).component.xy", line, RPLIB_APPEND);

rpResult(io);
exit(0);
}

```

physics

Generated program: main.c

...

```
/* get input value for input.number(temperature) and convert to K */
rpGetString(i o, "input.number(temperature).current", &data);
temperature = rpConvertDbl(data, "K", &err);

/* get input value for input.number(Ef) and convert to eV */
rpGetString(i o, "input.number(Ef).current", &data);
Ef = rpConvertDbl(data, "eV", &err);

kT = 8.61734e-5 * temperature;
Emi n = Ef - 10*kT;
Emax = Ef + 10*kT;
E = Emi n;
dE = 0.005*(Emax-Emi n);
while (E < Emax) {
    f = 1.0/(1.0 + exp((E - Ef)/kT));
    /* save output value for output.curve(f12) */
    sprintf(line, "%g %g\n", f, E);
    rpPutString(i o, "output.curve(f12).component.xy", line,
                RPLIB_APPEND);
    E = E + dE;
}
rpResult(i o);
exit(0);
}
```

Don't forget to "make" the program!

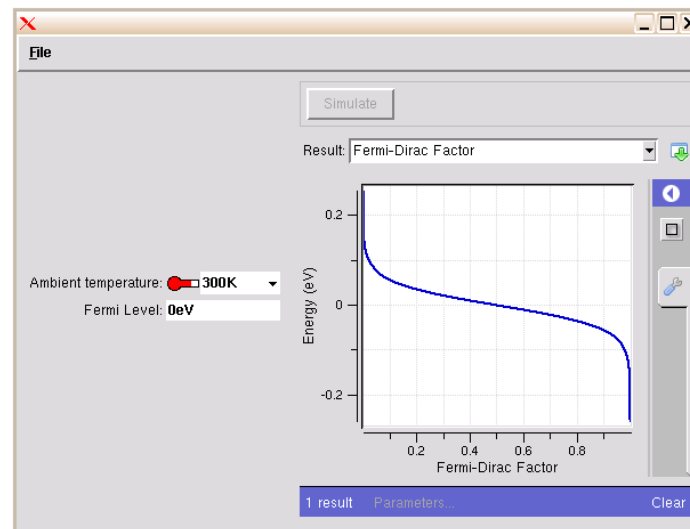
% make

```
gcc -g -Wall -I/apps/rappture/20110405/include  
main.c -o mainc -L/apps/rappture/20110405/lib  
-lrappture -lm
```

% ls

```
Makefile tool.xml main.c mainc
```

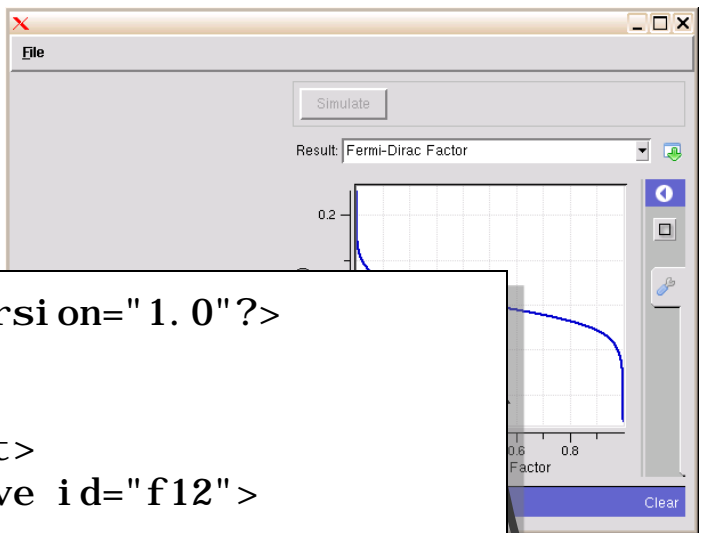
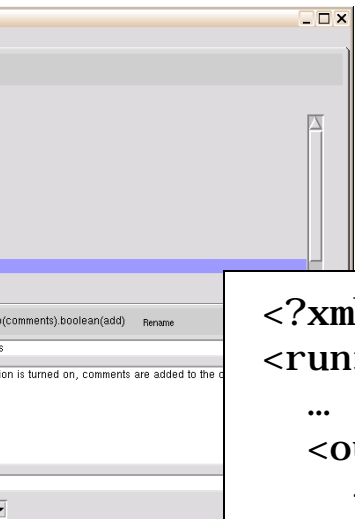
% rappture



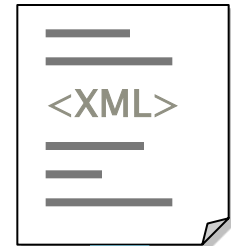

```
Color xterm
$ rappture
```

Builder

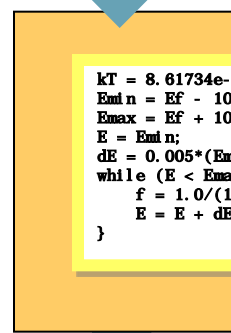
Runner



```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<run>
...
<output>
  <curve id="f12">
    ...
    <component>
      <xy>
        0.999955 2.33365
        0.99995 2.33431
        0.999944 2.33498
      </xy>
    </component>
    ...
  </output>
</run>
```

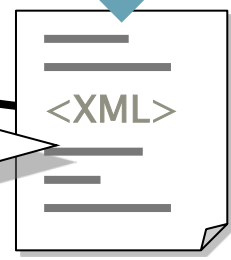
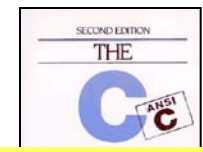


driver1827.xml



```
kT = 8.61734e-5 * T;
Emn = Ef - 10*kT;
Emax = Ef + 10*kT;
E = Emn;
dE = 0.005*(Emax-Emn);
while (E < Emax) {
  f = 1.0/(1.0 + exp((E - Ef)/kT));
  E = E + dE;
}
```

physics



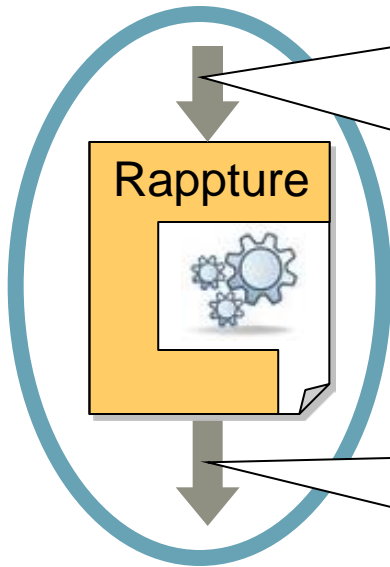
run12703129102.xml



tool.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<run>
  <tool>
    <about>Press Simulate to view results.</about>
    <command>@tool /mainc @driver</command>
  </tool>
  <input>
    ...
```

`/apps/yourtool/current/mainc driver327.xml`



```
int main(int argc, char * argv[]) {
  ...
  /* open the XML file */
  io = rplibrary(argv[1]);
  ...
  rpGetString(io, "input.number(temperature).current",
  &data);
  temperature = rpConvertDbl(data, "K", &err);
  ...
```

```
  rpPutString(io, "output.curve(f12).component.xy",
  line, RPLIB_APPEND);
  rpResult(io);
  exit(0);
}
```

It's easy to add Rappture to your new tools:

Instead of this...



Documentation

```
scanf ("%lg", &Ef);
```

```
printf ("%g", Ef);
```

Do this...

```
<number id="Ef">  
  <about>  
    <label>Fermi Level</label>  
  </about>  
  <units>eV</units>  
  <default>0eV</default>  
</number>
```

```
rpGetString(lib, path, &data);  
Ef = rpConvertDbl(data, "eV", &err);
```

```
rpPutString(lib, path, val, RPLIB_APPEND);  
...  
rpResult(lib);
```

fermi.f

Fortran

F77

```
program fermi
```

```
write(6,*) 'Fermi energy in eV:'
read(5,*) Ef
```

```
write(6,*) 'Temperature in K:'
read(5,*) T
```

```
kT = 8.61734e-5 * T
Emi n = Ef - 10*kT
Emax = Ef + 10*kT
```

physics

```
dE = 0.005*(Emax - Emi n)
```

```
do 10 E=Emi n, Emax, dE
  f = 1.0/(1.0+exp((E- Ef)/kT))
```

```
write(6,*) f, E
```

```
10 continue
```

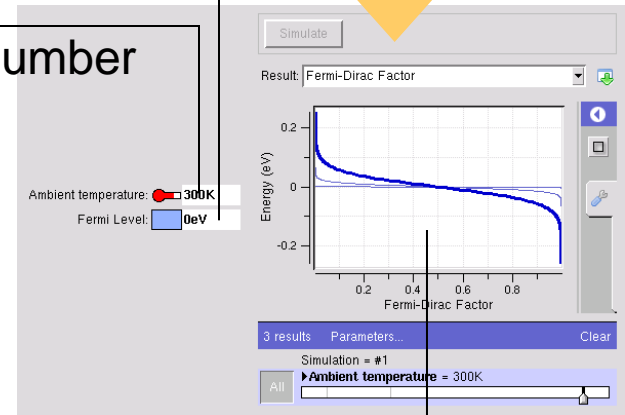
```
end program fermi
```

number

number

curve

Inputs/outputs are identical to the other versions



Rapture Builder [Build] [Preview]

New... Open... Save As...

Object Types:

All

Boolean: yes

Label: Choice2

- Choice1
- Choice2
- Choice3

Curve

Group

Documentation

Grouping

Inputs

Outputs

Tool Interface:

Tool:

- + Input:
 - Number: temperature
 - Number: Ef
- + Output:
 - Curve: f12

Object: tool Help

Title: Fermi-Dirac Calculator

Press Simulate to view results.

Description:

Program: Fortran 77

Change this ←

Generated program: main.f

```

...
c      get input value for input.number(temperature) and convert to K
      call rp_lib_get(io,
+       "input.number(temperature).current", strVal)
      ok = rp_units_convert_dbl(strVal, "K" temperature)

c      get input value for input.number(Ef) and convert to eV
      call rp_lib_get(io, strVal, "eV", Ef)
+       "input.number(Ef).current", strVal)
      ok = rp_units_convert_dbl(strVal, "eV", Ef)

c      -----
c      Add your code here
c      -----

      do 10 E=Emi n, Emax, dE
         f = 1.0/(1.0+exp((E-Ef)/kT))

c      save output value
c      this shows just one (x,y) point - modify as needed
      write(strVal, '(E20.12, E20.12, A)') x, y, char(10)
      call rp_lib_put_str(io, strVal, "output.curve(f12).component.xy", strVal, 1)

      call rp_result(io)
end program main

```

$$kT = 8.61734e-5 * T$$

$$E_{min} = E_f - 10 * kT$$

$$E_{max} = E_f + 10 * kT$$

$$dE = 0.005 * (E_{max} - E_{min})$$

$$\text{do } 10 \text{ E} = E_{min}, E_{max}, dE$$

$$f = 1.0 / (1.0 + \exp((E - E_f) / kT))$$

physics

Generated program: main.f

```
...
c      get input value for input.number(temperature) and convert to K
      call rp_lib_get(io,
+       "input.number(temperature).current", strVal)
      ok = rp_units_convert_dbl(strVal, "K", temperature)

c      get input value for input.number(Ef) and convert to eV
      call rp_lib_get(io,
+       "input.number(Ef).current", strVal)
      ok = rp_units_convert_dbl(strVal, "eV", Ef)

      kT = 8.61734e-5 * temperature
      Emin = Ef - 10*kT
      Emax = Ef + 10*kT
      dE = 0.005*(Emax - Emin)

      do 10 E=Emin, Emax, dE
        f = 1.0/(1.0+exp((E-Ef)/kT))
c      save output value for output.curve(f12)
        write(strVal, '(E20.12, E20.12, A)') f, E, char(10)
        call rp_lib_put_str(io,
+       "output.curve(f12).component.xy", strVal, 1)
10    continue
...

```

Don't forget to "make" the program!

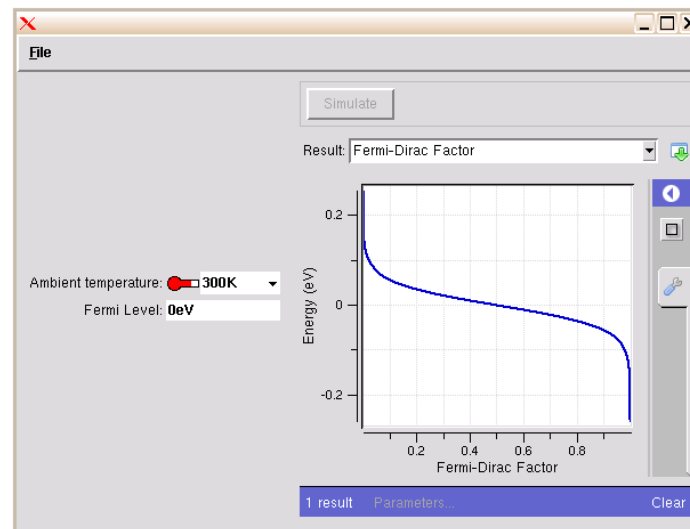
% make

```
gfortran -g -Wall -I/apps/rappture/20110405  
/include main.f -o mainf77 -L/apps/rappture  
/20110405/lib -lrappture -lm
```

% ls

```
Makefile tool.xml main.f mainf77
```

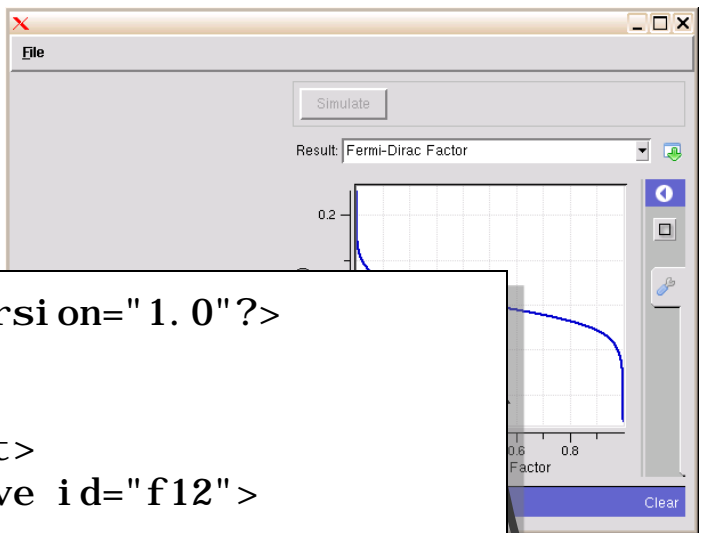
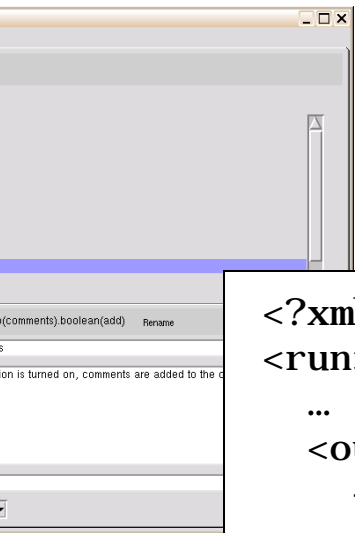
% rappture



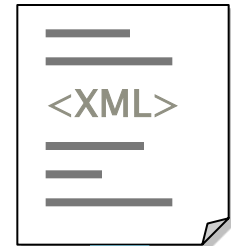

```
Color xterm
$ rappture
```

Builder

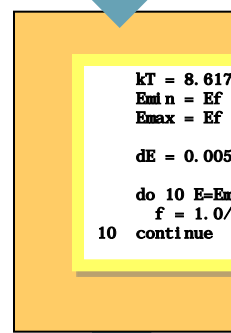
Runner



```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<run>
  ...
  <output>
    <curve id="f12">
      ...
      <component>
        <xy>
          0.999955 2.33365
          0.99995 2.33431
          0.999944 2.33498
        ...
      </component>
    </output>
  </run>
```



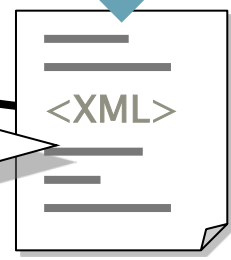
driver1827.xml



```
physics
kT = 8.61734e-5 * T
Emi n = Ef - 10*kT
Emax = Ef + 10*kT

dE = 0.005*(Emax - Emi n)

do 10 E=Emi n, Emax, dE
  f = 1.0/(1.0+exp((E-Ef)/kT))
10 continue
```



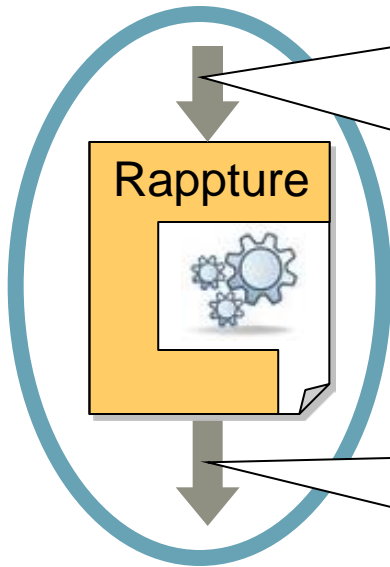
run12703129102.xml



tool.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<run>
  <tool>
    <about>Press Simulate to view results.</about>
    <command>@tool /mainf77 @driver</command>
  </tool>
  <input>
    ...
```

`/apps/yourtool/current/mainf77 driver327.xml`



```
program main
  IMPLICIT NONE
  ...
  c    open the XML file containing the run parameters
      call getarg(1, inFile)
      io = rp_lib(inFile)
      if (io .eq. 0) then
        write(6, *) "FAILED loading Rappture data"
      ...
```

```
10    call rp_lib_put_str(io,
      +    "output.curve(f12).component.xy", strVal, 1)
      continue
      call rp_result(io)
end program main
```

It's easy to add Rappture to your new tools:

Instead of this...



Documentation

```
read(5, *) Ef
```

```
write(6, *) Ef
```

Do this...

```
<number id="Ef">
  <about>
    <label>Fermi Level</label>
  </about>
  <units>eV</units>
  <default>0eV</default>
</number>
```

```
call rp_lib_get(driver, path, str)
ok = rp_units_convert_dbl(str, "eV", Ef)
```

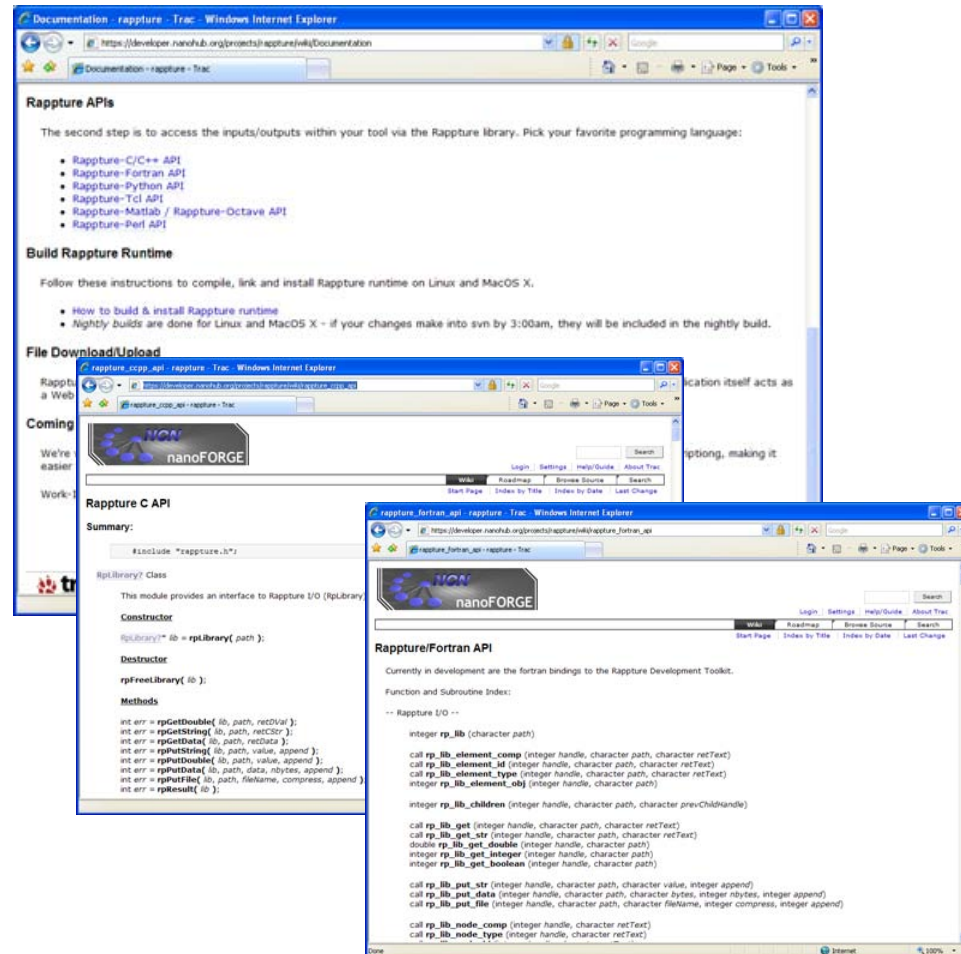
```
call rp_lib_put_str(driver, path, val, 0)
...
rp_result(driver)
```

<http://rappture.org>

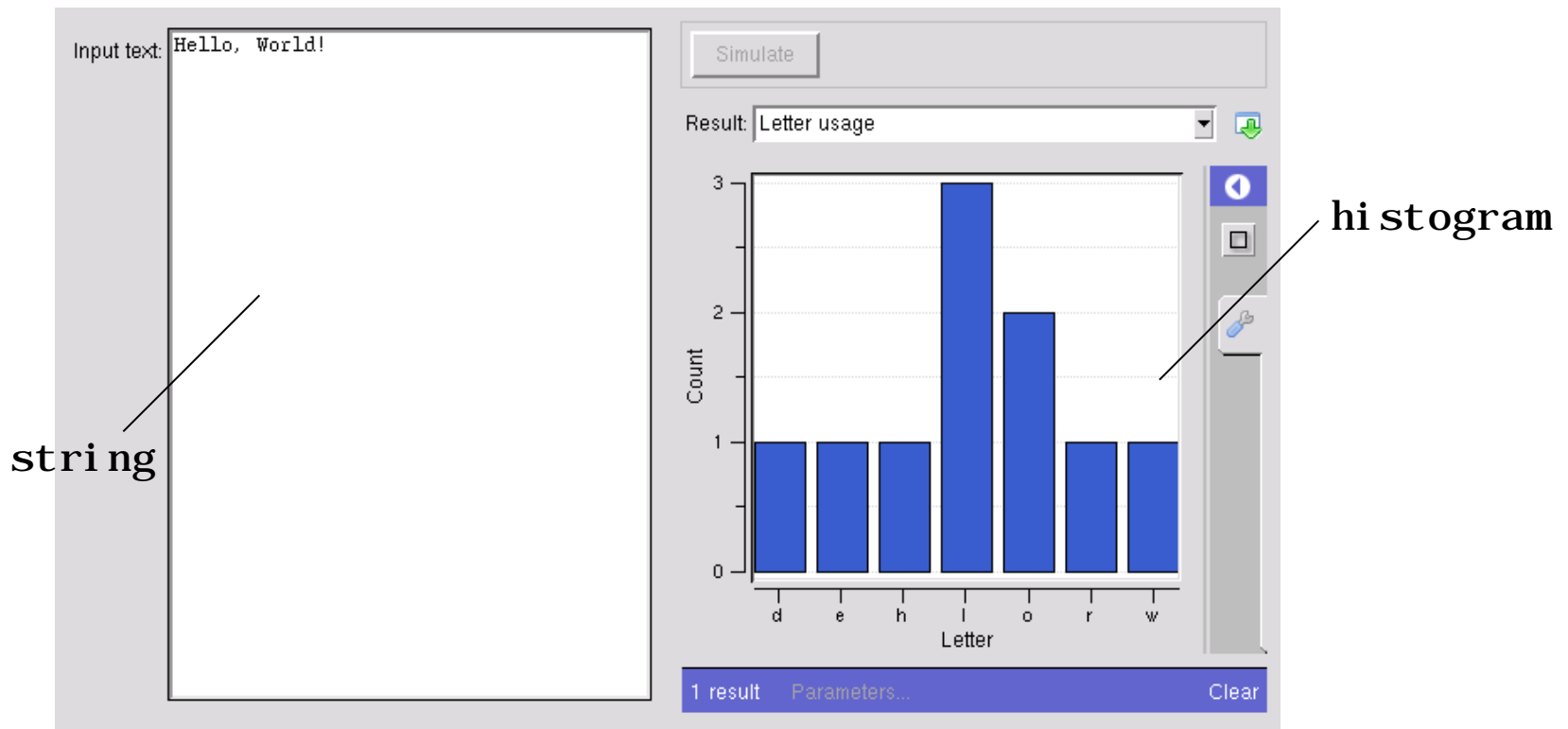
- [Documentation](#)
- [Rappture-C/C++ API](#)
- [Rappture-Fortran API](#)

Examples:

- [app-fermi in C](#)
- [app-fermi in Fortran](#)



Create a Rapture interface for your letter counting program:



Extra Credit: Add a number output to report the number of words