

4.6. Entropy

4.6a Consider contacts 1 and 2 held at two different temperatures $T_1 > T_2$. If an energy ΔE is transferred from 1 to 2, the overall increase in entropy is

(a) $\Delta E \left(\frac{1}{T_1} + \frac{1}{T_2} \right)$

(b) $\Delta E \left(\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right)$

(c) $\Delta E \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)$

(d) $\frac{\Delta E}{T_1 - T_2}$

(e) None of the above

4.6b The entropy S is related to the number of microscopic states W by $S = k \ln W$. If the contacts consist of N electrons freely moving in d dimensions, the quantity W is given by

(a) $W \sim E^{(d/2) - 1}$

(b) $W \sim E^{(Nd/2) - 1}$

(c) $W \sim E^{(d/2) + 1}$

(d) $W \sim E^{Nd - 1}$

(e) None of the above