

# FUNDAMENTALS OF NANOELECTRONICS

## *Basic Concepts*

1. The New Perspective
2. Energy Band Model

**3. What & Where  
is the “Voltage”?**

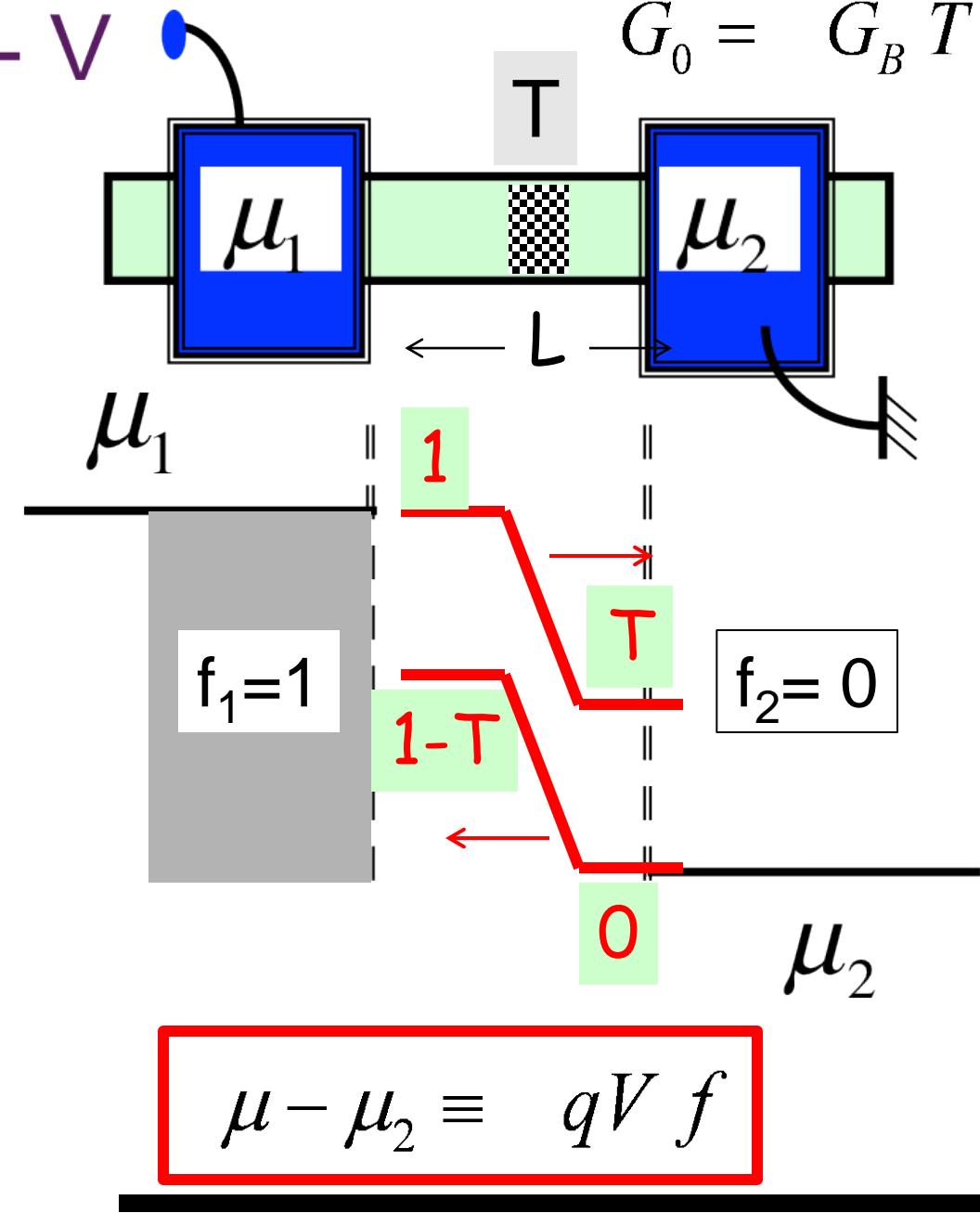
4. Heat & Electricity:  
Second Law & Information

- 3.1. Introduction
- 3.2. A New Boundary Condition
- 3.3. Quasi-Fermi Levels (QFL's)
- 3.4. Current from QFL's
- 3.5. Landauer Formulas**
- 3.6. What a Probe Measures
- 3.7. Electrostatic Potential
- 3.8. Boltzmann Equation
- 3.9. Spin voltages
- 3.10. Summing up ..

- V

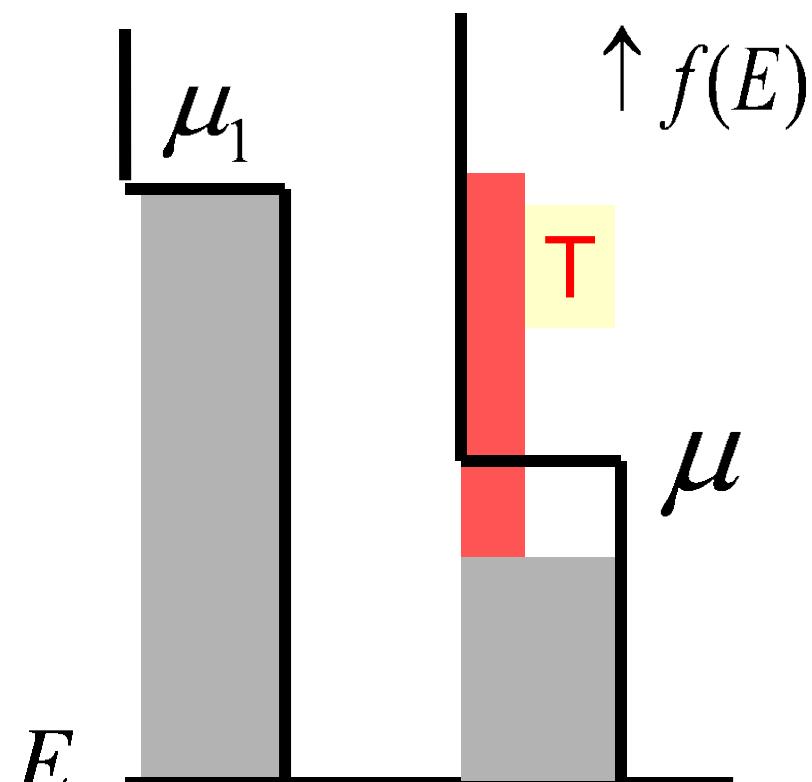
$$G_0 = G_B T$$

# 3.5a Landauer Formulas



$$G_0 = G_B \frac{\lambda}{L + \lambda}$$

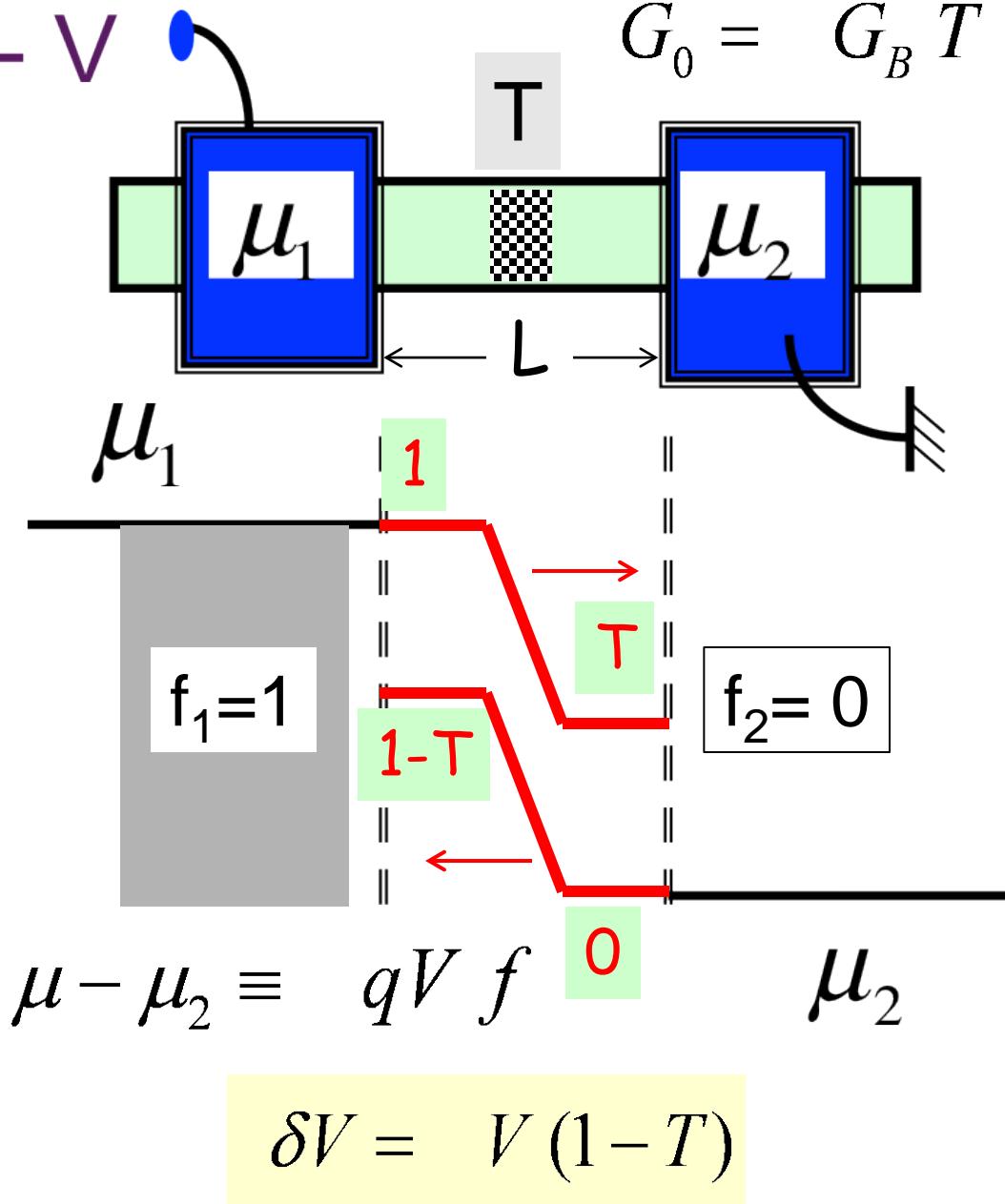
T



- V

$$G_0 = G_B T$$

### 3.5b Landauer Formulas



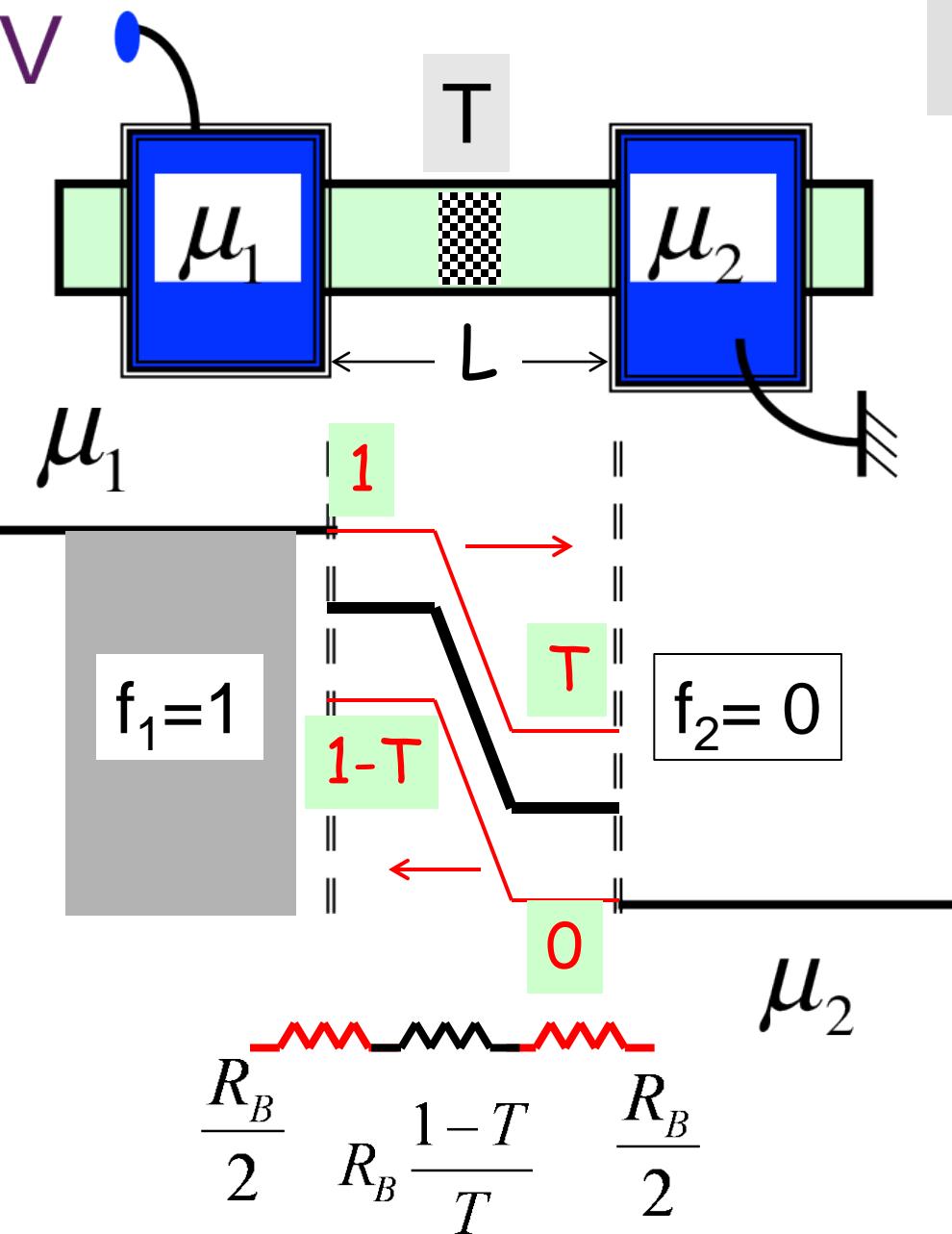
$$I = \frac{G_B}{q} \underbrace{(\mu^+ - \mu^-)}_{qV T}$$

$$\frac{I}{V} = G_B T \quad R = R_B \frac{1}{T}$$

$$R_S = R_B \frac{1-T}{T}$$

$$\frac{I}{\delta V} = G_B \frac{T}{1-T}$$

## 3.5c Landauer Formulas



$$\mu - \mu_2 \equiv qVf$$

$$\delta V = V(1-T)$$

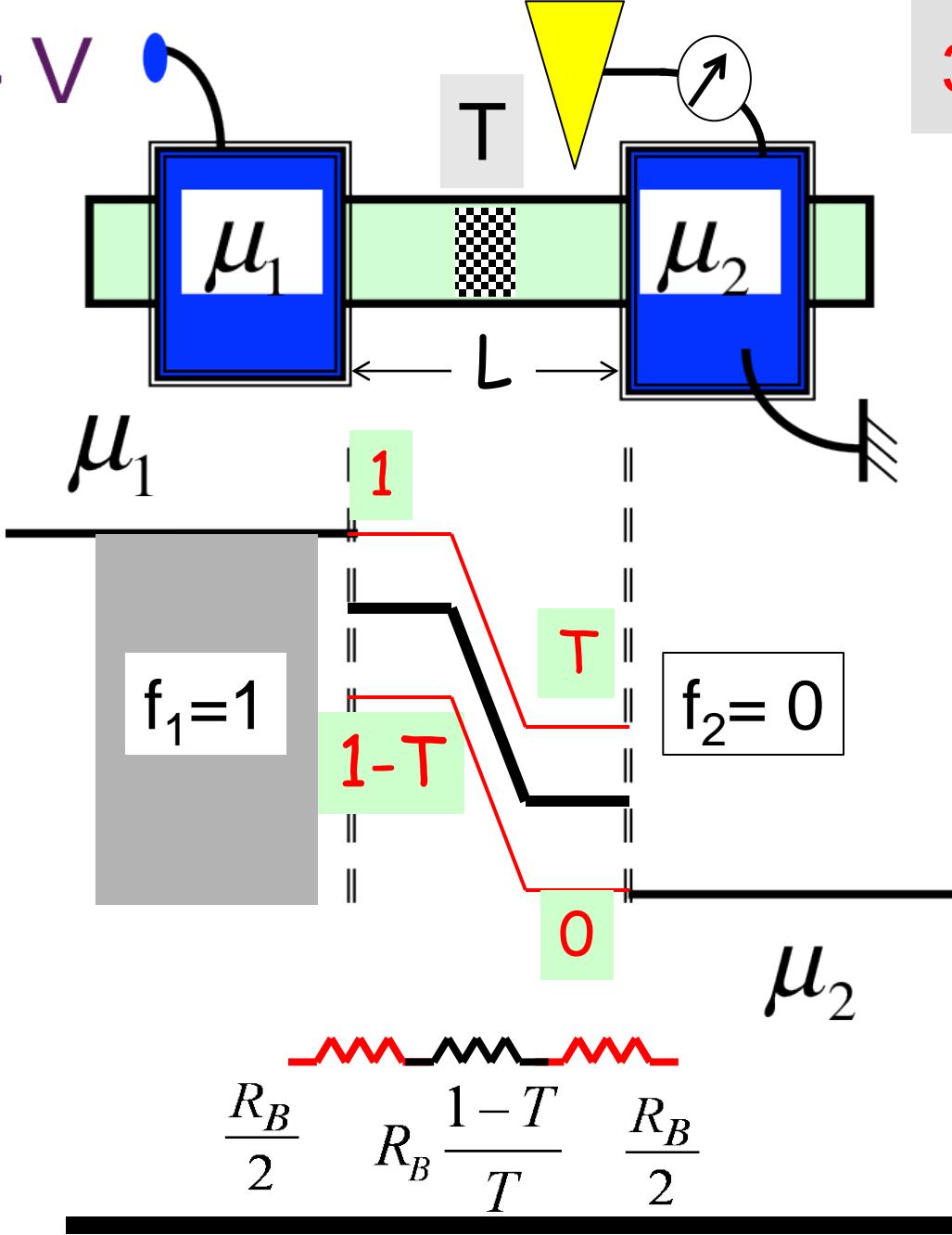
$$R = R_B \frac{1}{T}$$

$$R_S = R_B \frac{1-T}{T}$$

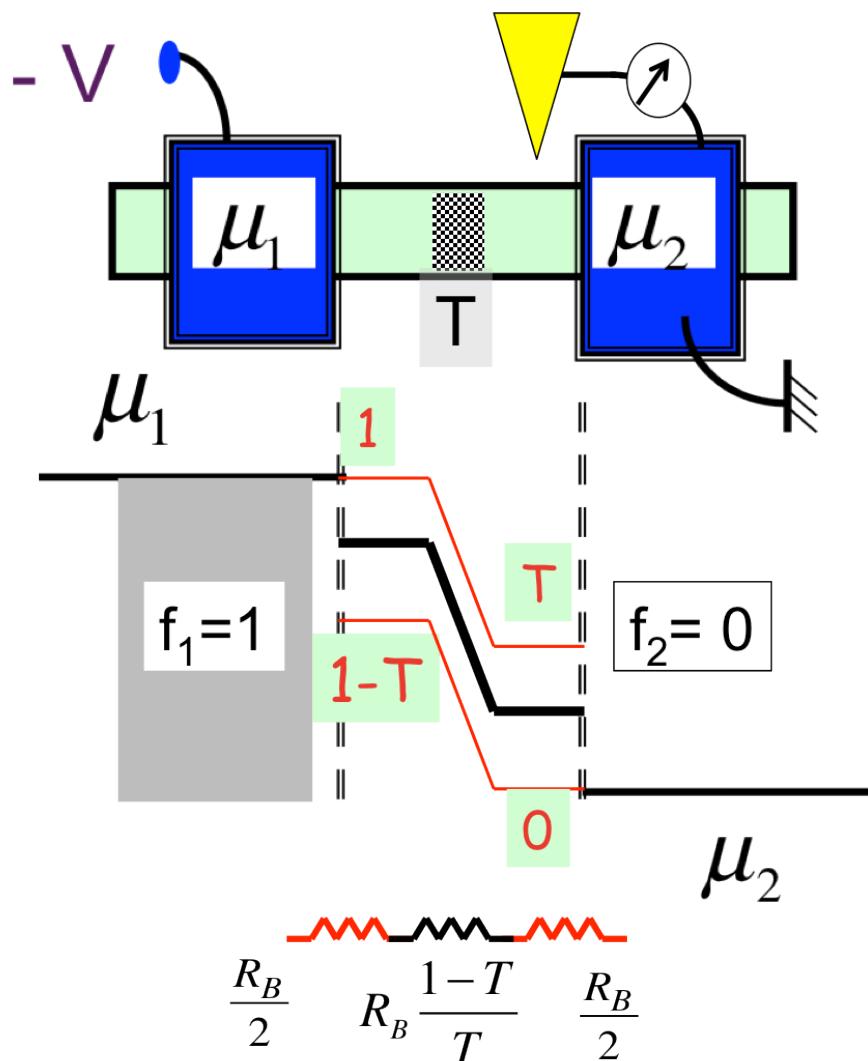
$$R - R_S = R_B$$

## 3.5d Landauer Formulas

*Two approaches  
to making it  
“concrete”*



- 4.6. Measure with a probe
- 4.7. Electrostatic potential



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